

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPO FORM X-17A-5(**PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-68618

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5

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REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGI	NNING 01/01/	/11 AND ENDII	NG 12/31/11
	MM/DD	O/YY	MM/DD/YY
A	. REGISTRANT II	DENTIFICATION	\.
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Stone	pine Advisors, LLC		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	F BUSINESS: (Do not	t use P.O. Box No.)	OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
1840 Gateway Drive, Suite 200		:	
	(No. and	Street)	
San Mateo	California		94404
(City)	(State	e)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	OF PERSON TO CON	NTACT IN REGARD TO	THIS REPORT
James Reilly, Managing Partner			650-866-5371
			(Area Code – Telephone No.)
В.	ACCOUNTANT I	DENTIFICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA	ANT whose opinion is	contained in this Report*	
Burr Pilger Mayer, Inc.	ame - if individual, state	last first middle name)	
60 South Market Street Suite 800	San Jose,	California	95113
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	` •,		• • •
X Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
Accountant not resident in Unite	ed States or any of its pos	ssessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL	. USE ONLY	
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,		James Reilly , swear (or affirm) that, to
the bes	t of m	ny knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Decemb	per 31	Stonepine Advisors, LLC, as of,
proprie	tor, pr	incipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as
follows	:	
None		
		0 - c > 00
	Λ	Signature
	/	
/		Ma/naging Partner Title
	\checkmark	
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		2 Mary Public - California s
STO	NEP	INE ADVISORS, LLC Santa Clara County MyComm. Biplies Apr 18, 2012
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_	ort** c	ontains (check all applicable boxes): Independent Auditors' Report
<u> </u>	(0)	Facing Page.
<u>x</u>	(a) (b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
_X	(c)	Statement of Operations.
	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
_		Statement of Changes in Member's Equity.
	(e) (f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors
_		Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange
	(g)	Act of 1934.
	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
	(j)	A Reconciliation, including Appropriate Explanations, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 (included in item (g)) and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation Between the Audited and Unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with Respect to Methods of Consolidation.
X	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
-	(m)	A Copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
<u>x</u>	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit (Supplemental Report on Internal Control).

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3)

STONEPINE ADVISORS, LLC (SEC ID. No. 8-68618)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

as of December 31, 2011, Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and Supplemental Report on Internal Control

PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Building Your Future



STONEPINE ADVISORS, LLC (SEC ID. No. 8-68618)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

as of December 31, 2011, Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and Supplemental Report on Internal Control

PUBLIC DOCUMENT

Filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e)(3) as a Public Document

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member Stonepine Advisors, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Stonepine Advisors, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2011 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2011 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

San Jose, California February 28, 2012

Bun Pilger Mayer, Inc.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2011

ASSETS

Cash	\$	26,461			
Accounts receivable		193,461			
Due from related party		10,105			
Prepaid expenses and other assets		4,752			
Total assets	\$	234,779			
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY					
Liabilities-accounts payable	\$	84,317			
Member's equity		150,462			
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$	234,779			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1. Ownership Structure

Stonepine Advisors, LLC (the Company) is a registered securities broker-dealer that is incorporated in the state of California as a California limited liability company. The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA). The Company provides services as a strategic and financial advisor to small and mid-sized technology companies. Such services include both buy and sell side merger and acquisition advice and fairness opinions, financial structure advice, valuation services and capital raising services on an agency basis, in either the public or private market. The Company is headquartered in San Mateo, California.

The Company was formed in April 24, 2010 under the name Stonepine Securities, LLC. In April 2011, the Company merged with Stonepine Advisors, LLC, a dormant entity under the same ownership as the Company. Upon the merger, the Company became the surviving entity and was renamed to Stonepine Advisors, LLC. No exchange of assets or change in ownership occurred as a result of the merger.

On February 15, 2011, the Company completed its registration with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) to become a registered securities broker-dealer.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of a financial statement in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash

Cash consists of cash on hand, checking and saving accounts. There are no withdrawal restrictions on cash. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents at December 31, 2011.

Accounts Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances after discounts and bad debts, taking into account credit worthiness of customers and its history of collection. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and an increase to an allowance for doubtful accounts based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off and charged to the allowance for doubtful accounts and a reduction of trade accounts receivable. The Company does not typically recognize interest income on trade receivables. As of December 31, 2011, management has determined that all accounts receivable are collectable and, accordingly, no allowance for bad debt is necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Financial Instruments and Fair Value

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities. There are no financial instruments that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Income Taxes

A limited liability company is not a taxpaying entity for federal income tax purposes. The Company does not provide for federal taxes since all income and losses flow through to the member for inclusion in the member's tax return.

The Company follows the accounting interpretation issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) on uncertainties in income taxes. This interpretation requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. The interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The Company did not recognize any uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2011.

The Company's tax returns are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and the California Franchise Tax Board, generally for three years and four years, respectively, after they are filed. All prior tax years are subject to examination.

3. Commitment

At December 31, 2011, the Company was obligated under a one year, non-cancelable operating lease for office facilities. Future minimum lease payments required under the operating lease are approximately \$3,000.

4. Related Party Transactions

During the year, the Company provided consulting services to a client for which the managing member is a director of. The accounts receivable balance with the client was \$10,000 as of December 31, 2011.

As of December 31, 2011, approximately \$10,105 was due from the managing member.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

5. Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 (the Rule) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and administered by FINRA, which requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital as defined by the Rule and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, as defined, the greater of \$5,000 or 6.67% of aggregate indebtedness. The relationship of aggregate indebtedness to net capital changes from day to day. At December 31, 2011, the Company's net capital was \$11,039, its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 7.64 to 1, and its net capital was \$5,418 in excess of the required minimum net capital.

The Company is exempt from the requirements of Rule 15c3-3, as adopted by the SEC.

6. Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash is maintained with high quality financial institutions. Cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000.

The Company extends credit to its customers, located primarily in California, in the ordinary course of business. The Company controls credit risk through credit approvals, credit limits, and monitoring procedures. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers, but generally does not require collateral to support accounts receivable.

One customer accounted for 85% of gross accounts receivable at December 31, 2011.

The Company hires independent contractors to provide services to its customers. One independent contractor represented 82% of accounts payable at December 31, 2011.

7. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated all subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through February 28, 2012, the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Nothing has occurred outside the normal course of business operations that require disclosure or recognition as of December 31, 2011.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT



SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

To the Member Stonepine Advisors, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement of Stonepine Advisors, LLC (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

To the Member Stonepine Advisors, LLC Page Two

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes.

Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the managing member, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bur Pilger Mayer Anc. San Jose, California February 28, 2012

1 cordary 20, 2012

BURR PILGER MAYER, INC.

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